

Table 1a

Poll on attitudes to globalisation, 25 countries, representative samples of 1000 citizens, Oct-Dec 2001.  
Globalisation defined as increased trade between countries in goods and services, and investment.

Country	PPP GNP per capita 1998	Perceived effects of globalisation on respondent and family			"Will the economy of our country get better or worse because of globalisation?"			"Will the number of jobs in our country get better or worse because of globalisation?"			"Which of the following two broad approaches do you think would be the best way to improve the economic and employment situation in your country?"				*Nowadays, multi-national companies sell things such as soft drinks, television sets, computers, and cars in this country and world-wide. Do you think that being able to buy such multi-national products in this country is a good thing for people like yourself, not such a good thing, or it doesn't make a difference?			
		Negative	Positive	4 minus 3	Worse	Better	7 minus 6	Worse	Better	10 minus 9	"Protect our industries by restricting imports from other countries?"	"Remove import restrictions to increase international trade with other countries?"	13 minus 12	"Good thing"	"Not such a good thing"	"Doesn't make any difference"	15 minus 16	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
USA	29240	21	76	55	27	65	38	45	46	1	51	41	-10	51	11	36	40	
Canada	22814	22	74	52	34	59	25	45	47	2	43	49	6	48	13	38	35	
France	21214	34	37	3	57	31	-26	72	17	-55	51	40	-11	25	24	48	1	
Germany	22026	20	77	57	37	59	22	70	28	-42	40	49	9	54	12	33	42	
Italy	20365	22	61	39	21	62	41	29	48	19	43	46	3	33	21	41	12	
UK/GB	20314	22	73	51	25	64	39	43	44	1	47	41	-6	56	12	31	44	
Netherlands	22325	13	87	74	26	75	49	41	59	18								
Spain	15960	33	36	3	34	39	5	48	24	-24	40	40		43	20	31	23	
Australia	21795	35	60	25	29	63	34	58	33	-25	60	30	-30	44	21	32	23	
Japan	23592	12	32	20	43	40	-3	76	10	-66	43	53	10	69	8	23	61	
Qatar	18871	11	78	67	11	88	77	21	75	54								
South Korea	13286	21	75	54	36	62	26	52	45	-7	36	58	22	47	28	20	19	
Avg. above	20984	22	64	42	32	59	27	50	40	-10	45	45	-1	47	17	33	30	
Argentina	11728	48	39	-9	69	24	-45	73	22	-51	77	18	-59	21	46	26	-25	
Brazil	6460	27	62	35	41	51	10	54	39	-15	49	43	-6	45	17	37	28	
Chile	8507	20	60	40	30	55	25	42	40	-2								
China	3051	10	75	65	10	83	73	41	49	8	28	61	33	67	12	19	55	
India	2060	15	79	64	26	69	43	50	43	-7								
Indonesia	2407	16	74	58	57	40	-17	65	33	-32								
Kazakhstan	4317	11	60	49	11	69	58	19	59	40								
Mexico	7450	23	69	46	34	54	20	41	45	4	43	54	11	38	42	20	-4	
Nigeria	740	10	70	60	31	61	30	28	59	31								
Russia	6180	13	32	19	17	46	29	26	33	7								
South Africa	8296	18	61	43	46	42	-4	61	28	-33	44	47	3	56	12	28	44	
Turkey	6594	61	27	-34	43	45	2	13	70	57	37	48	11	36	29	21	7	
Venezuela	5706	13	87	74	30	65	35	39	55	16								
Avg. above	5654	22	61	39	34	54	20	42	44	2	46	45	-1	44	26	25	18	
Colombia											50	48	-2	38	26	36	0	
Poland											56	34	-22	44	25	25	12	
Portugal											49	40	-9	60	7	27	19	
Taiwan											31	51	20	55	7	34	53	
																	48	

Note: "In each country, face-to-face or telephone interviews were conducted with representative samples of 1000 citizens (for a total of 25000). Each national poll is accurate to within +/- 3 percent, 19 times out of 20." The GNP of U.A.E. is taken as proxy for Qatar's GNP.  
Source: Data from World Economic Forum, February 2002, World Development Indicators.

**Table 2. The perceived relationship between globalization and 15 statements, 25 countries, Oct-Dec 2001.**  
 Percentage saying "better" or "worse"

Statement	Worse	Better	Difference
1. Access to foreign markets	22	66	44
2. Availability of inexpensive products	25	63	38
3. Your family's quality of life	23	60	37
4. Natural cultural life	28	60	32
5. Human rights, individual freedom and democracy	28	57	29
6. National economy	33	56	23
7. Your income and buying power	27	54	27
8. Economic development in poor countries	36	51	15
9. Quality of jobs in country	39	48	9
10. World peace and stability	38	47	9
11. Workers' rights, working conditions and wages	40	47	7
12. Economic equality in the world	40	45	5
13. Number of jobs in country	46	42	-4
14. World poverty and homelessness	45	41	-4
15. Environmental quality in the world	47	41	-6

Source: Data from World Economic Forum, February 2002.